

# CH TO AND OTHE POE S

BY

SHYAM SUNDA LAL CHO D A

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. E. SP IGH T,

*Prof. of English Literature,*

*Osmania University, Hyderabad*

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SHINGHJ SAHA    AHA U , K.C.I. .

OF

UDAIPUR STATE, RAJPUTANA



## PREFACE

---

Mr S. S. Chordia is one of the promising Indian writers of English verse—that most hazardous of experiments—who seem likely to give the world what it would like to hear. Some two years ago he was kind enough to send me two of his publications, a cluster of sonnets and a small company of stories in which I was very glad to find matter for delight—the presence of such lines as

A gentle potter took my dust away.

His quest of truth was water on a leaf

Of stately lotus,—

where the spirit of the East is immanent in our modern English words that are got of such ancient lineage.

I am afraid that the encouragement mingled with my blunt criticism has to be held partly responsible for this new outburst of Mr Chordia. He has chosen to enshrine his patriotism and hero-worship in various forms of the sonnet, and his subject-matter is partly that with which the outer world is familiar in the pages of *TOD's* "Rajasthan," partly more recent and personal topics. The result is a sequence of poems in which we have reflections of the splendour and bravery of the great times of the past, echoes of chivalry and tragedy, with revelations of the poet's heart

Of their own ardent fulness reverent

In these sonnets I find an increase of poetic power : the lines are less often the result of struggle for rhyme, there is much beauty of phrase, less inversion, and a more general accommodation to the order of words and rhythm of daily speech. And what is perhaps most important is that they are all Indian : there is not one that does not contain some peculiar touch which stamps it as of the sunlands.

The cultivation of the sonnet is a tempting pursuit : it is so easy to write, and yet so difficult to do well. In its perfection there is a harmony, proportion and outline in the fourteen lines which cause the poet to resemble an early Chinese vase. But such examples are rare : there are perhaps, not a hundred in the English language.

It is not pretended that Mr Chordia has added to their number. But I think it will be agreed that in this little volume are some of the best sonnets written in English by Indian writers,—poems to be grateful for and to make us wish for further revelations of Mr Chordia's poetic personality.

E. E. SPEIGHT,  
*Professor of English Literature,*  
*The Osmania University,*  
*Hyderabad (Deccan)*

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## CHITOR

Here is the old Chitor queen-like and crown'd  
With deathless glory; in the long sad past  
For thee the legion Rajput chiefs fell fast  
Amid the shock of battle; and falling found  
The lotus-heaven of the Lord. What streams  
Of precious blood they shed? What wars they  
waged?  
When marched and counter-marched the foes!  
and blazed  
Then swords in the dark hour of doom when  
dreams  
Of pulsing life shone dim in them. They  
fought  
For thee, they died for thee whene'er thy walls,  
Guarding thy palaces, temples, towers and halls,  
Were by the mighty hordes of Moslems sought.  
O Nurse and Mother of the brave and free!  
How red with blood the path that leads to thee?



## THE DYING PRATAP

The dying hero lay disconsolate,  
His spirit lingered in the worn-out frame;  
But Freedom's warrior feared not death: the fate  
Of Mewar rent his troubled soul. Then came  
The sad thought of Chitor still unredeemed;  
The gallant hearts that pined for it and died;  
His own life's purpose blurred and thwarted  
    seemed  
While Mughals held his fathers' fort in pride.  
Within the secret chambers of his mind  
The memories of Haldighat sped by—  
The Jhala's sacrifice and Sakta's cry  
"Ho! Rider of the blue horse!" from behind  
And Chetak's love. Night came and endless  
    sleep,  
His trial o'er: he fell in slumber deep.

PRATAP (1572-97) was the ruler of Mewar. He never submitted to Akbar and made tremendous sacrifices for the independence of his Country.

HALDIGHAT has been described by Colonel Tod as the "Thermopylae of Mewar".

MANA, THE JHALA CHIEF, seized the insignia of Mewar and rearing the gold sun over his own head fell in the battle of Haldighat with all his vassals and saved the life of Pratap.

SAKTA, Pratap's own brother. His personal enmity to Pratap had made him a traitor to Mewar, but at Haldighat he killed two Moghul chiefs pursuing Pratap flying on the gallant *Chetak* and greeted him from behind, "Ho! Rider of the blue horse".



## BHAMASHA

This long while Bhama's fame has perished not!  
Pratap with all his comrades of the field  
Stood mute in blank despair: his vision reeled  
When stretched the desert boundless, as his lot  
For miles. His sword that flashed in Freedom  
cause  
Now rested in the sheath. He kissed the dust  
Of Mewar tear-bedimmed. Now snapped his  
trust  
In God. Should Moghuls give his country laws?  
But for the love of him the Shaṇ old  
His glittering hoards of silver, jewels, gold,  
He offered humbly at his master's feet.  
O Merchant Prince! your simple deed of love  
Was such as angels blazon all above.  
Dim down the aisle of Time your soul I greet!

BHAMASHA was the Prime Minister of Pratap. When Pratap, unable to withstand the tide of opposition, wanted to leave Mewar, Bhāmasha gave him the accumulated treasure of his ancestors which was enough to keep twenty five thousand soldiers for twenty years.



## DURGADAS

When Jaswant died among the Afghan hills  
His knight, a man of virtue, wisdom, force,  
Who shook the Peacock throne before his couise,  
His love profound to Maru vowed. What rills  
Of blood his sheeny sword of doom had spilt  
To free his Mother, bleeding, trodden, cowed  
In shame of bondage by the Mughals proud.  
He crushed them, as they crushed her, for their  
guilt  
His Prince remembered not the saviour's hand  
That had crowned him, the gallant guide and  
friend,  
Who nursed and reared his troubled youth  
in pride.  
That soul of honour brooked not Ajit's scorn;  
His epic deeds the songs of bards adorn.  
Exiled from home, a broken heart, he died

*Jaswant Singh, the ruler of Jodhpur, Rajputana, was the Governor of Kabul in the time of Aurangzeb*

*Durgadas organised the Rajput revolt against Aurangzeb as he wanted to convert the infant Ajit Singh, Jaswant's successor. Durgadas in his old age was exiled by Ajit Singh*

*Maru is Marwar, whose capital is Jodhpur*





## KRISHNA KUMARI—THE FLOWER OF RAJASTHAN

Two rival chiefs unfurl'd 'mid raging shouts  
Their lofty banners, for sweet Krishna's hand;  
That day of saddest woe unmanly doubts  
Assailed the hapless Rana of the land  
Of heroes fallen low. Her death alone  
Could save a woeful waste of life and end  
The baneful clash of arms that shook his throne.  
His life was in her own, but ah! a friend  
Of his was urging peace at shameful price:  
To find her tragic fate they flung the dice.  
She sat doomed in the dark past mortal aid,  
And smiling drank the Kusumb draught, when  
brought,  
Of cooling herbs with fatal poisons fraught;  
She died a death of flowers undismayed.

—

Krishna Kumari was the daughter of Rana Bheem of Udaipur. She had to be poisoned as Jaipur and Jodhpur both claimed her as bride.

Ajit of the Chondavat clan, 'the traitor to manhood, his sovereign and humanity,' was the evil genius of the Rana.



## MIRA—THE RAJPUT QUEEN OF CHITOR

The Rana did not hear your music sad  
As underneath the reddening mango-grove  
You chanted forth your simple songs of love  
And beauty 'midst the sadhus rapture-mad.  
The whispers reached him from the market-place  
Telling the wayward paths you trod. He  
thought  
You had some sweeter love than his and wrought  
Upon his kingly line untold disgrace.  
O golden-hearted Sappho of the East!  
You broke a fragment of your lyric soul  
With godhead crowned for mortal man to feast;  
The Rana then divined your secret goal.  
In shame and sorrow now began his quest  
While you at Brindaban were Girdhar's guest.

MIRA was a great devotee of Krishna. Her songs are still sung all over Rajputana. She left her home and went away to Brindaban as her husband was an obstacle in her path of spiritual progress.

GIRDHAR is one of the names of Krishna.



## Z E U N N S S A

When lion-hearted Shiva pled ed to truth  
Was mocked by Aur ngzeb to wound his pride,  
A princess in the spring-time of her youth  
Behind the arras sobbed in shame, and cried.  
He, brighter than her fancy's blazing dream,  
Stirring her radiant soul with visions fleet,  
Amid the stars of night shone like a beam  
Of morn; and filled her heart and eyes. Love  
sweet  
Pierced her thenceforth; but roses red and white  
She gave him not, nor thoughts parched by  
desire,  
Nor aught that lacked in love's celestial fire,  
But silent worship of the soul. Aright  
She loved and suffered pain in loneliness  
Keeping love's secret from his consciousness.

ZEBUNNISSA—was the daughter of Aurangzeb She was a mystic and a poetess of great eminence She was in love with Shivaji, the founder of the Mahatta Empire



## SURDAS—THE BLIND HINDI POET

O sun among the bards of Brija green!  
You looked upon the face of love in youth  
And wandered in the trackless path of truth  
Till darkness fell upon your vision keen  
Your light was quenched like Milton's, but full  
    well  
You felt the wizard charms of earth and sky,  
Of birds and trees and flowers that bloom and  
    die,  
Rehearsing them in music's wondrous spell.  
From sunrise, moonrise, and the streaming stars  
You built a perfect nesting for the blind  
And trustful souls on earth to rest and find  
Eternal peace untouched by raging wars.  
You sang of Nature and her God sublime  
In verse of gold outsoaring space and time.

BRIJA—the country around Ajmer and Muttra—the country of peace





## RA NDRANATH TAGORE

O dre ming Laureate of the dreaming East!  
You stand head-high among the poets and sing  
In sweetest voice that ever breathed in spring  
Of love and life and death. O Nature's priest!  
Death holds no fears for you when life is told  
As the altar-place beyond the sunset-land  
Is richer with the offerings from your hand,—  
God ever thirsteth for your music's gold,  
Your tree of fame has touched the skiey height,  
The stars that shine—they are its blossoms  
    bright,  
The moon, the folded glory time unfolds,  
In spell of soothing light the wide earth holds.  
These buds, when they shall burst in golden  
    ight,  
Will drive from hence the blackest monster  
    Night.



## MOON RISE ON THE PICHOLA AT UDAIPUR

The chimes of midnight from the palace-tower  
Float dreamful o'er the waters half-asleep;  
And fluting calls and murmurs strangely creep  
Through drowsy lotus-leaves this silent hour.  
Black loom the palms that wave their plumes,  
and sigh

When spin the chakiabaks, a love-lorn pair  
At night, their ceaseless passion, here and there;  
Deep in the dark they move, they dive and cry.  
The fancy-haunted Ghat, the temple gleams  
Glossed in the tranquil lake, and now meseems  
From out the sky a passion-flower blows,  
And blazes round its heart a nimbus bright  
Of beams, that bathes the mountain-tops in light:  
A stir, a quiver, then the moon arose



THE SAHEL AK    AR —“THE  
GARDEN OF NY   PHS” AT  
UDA PUR

The wanton west wind stir the mango flower  
As with a lover's rapture in the dim  
Peace of this Queen of Gardens-stuns the slim  
Reflections of the dreaming palms, that tower  
Above the marble pool of skiey blue,  
Where in spring time the scarlet lilies blow.  
Its fountains famed afar still mummur low  
The secret fuitively divined by few.  
Blithe troubadours, the songsters are its guests,  
Who love its cool repose and flowers gay,  
Making melodious their leafy nests  
They chase with laughing notes all care away.  
O treasure-house of sweet felicity !  
The wide world's loveliness I dream in thee.



## BADI-KA-TALAB AT UDAIPUR

Bent in life's prime with grief and sick in mind  
I wander in the woodland from the race  
Of man, to seek a resting place, to find  
Your lotus-azure waters full of grace,  
Deep in the bosom of the dark-green hills.  
The flight of cranes with heavy flapping wings  
Acclaims the amber-coloured dawn, which thrills  
Your dreamy beauty with a kiss, and brings  
The healing myrrh to me with fever hot.  
How am I fallen from the state of man!  
Through sorrow, stress and strain the fall began;  
Receive me now to share your quiet lot,  
O Hills and Waters breathing peace divine!  
Your beauty is my drooping spirit's wine.





## THE JAISAMAND—THIRTY-TWO MILES FROM UDA PUR

The leafy hills and boulders black with days  
Seem endless as we climb to reach the pile  
Above the Jaisamand, to rest awhile  
From rowing on the rock-girt lake where plays  
The sun-set with the waves From out the skies  
The darkling shadows hmn the silent hills;  
The wild duck's faint and flighty whirring fills  
The air; the night flowers ope their starry eyes  
And glance above to drink the nectar'd moon;  
But lo! the spray-wet wizard winds arise  
And smite the waters spread for miles, and soon  
The perfect dream of tranquil beauty flies.  
Dear home of sweetest bliss! We stand apart  
But you live still enshined within my heart.



## THE PASS NG OF SHAH JEHAN

The shrunken Shah Jehan, once mighty King  
Of golden Hind, now shorn of splendour lay,  
Deep-smitten in the soul by sorrow's sting  
His dream of endless bliss had died away.  
Death snatched from him without a word his wife  
Adored Mumtaz, his dream, his soul's desire;  
And Aurangzeb possessed by subtle strife  
His Peacock Throne, and jewels flashing fire.  
He donned his bridal robes of purple gold  
And filled his jasper cup with fragrant wine  
At fall of eve, though captive, wan and cold.  
With misty eyes he watched the Taj, her shrine;  
Then deep inhaled the Jumna's cooling breath  
And rode, to meet his Love, the steed of death.

"The Emperor Shah Jehan, poet and warrior, but known to the modern world mainly as the builder of the Taj, the man who petrified love into form and left to the world's lovers a message of eternal beauty."  
*"The Illustrated Times of India"*



## THE GAU-MUK-I AT CHITOR

Tread softly, pilgrim, on the edge of this  
Still-sky-reflecting shady pool; beside  
Its foaming waters cool, with splendid pride,  
The chosen priest lit the quick flame of bliss  
When rushed the Rajput Queens on palfreys  
white

To death. The Yavan forces had hemmed in  
The hallowed Prince-land long; the hope to win  
Was dead; to save their souls from Mongol  
blight

They prayed to Him who listens from on high.  
The sandal pyre with ritual sanctified  
Blazed forth for maids trained from their birth  
to die

Without a tinge of fear. Souls deified!  
The best of all the brides! I bow to you,  
Purer than fire, chaster than snow and true.



## THE JAIN SHRINES AT MOUNT ABU

The blue-topped Guru Shikhara lonesome lies  
In morning silent, passionless, serene,  
Wrapped up in folds of smoky mists that rise  
Slow from the forest dark. In amber sheen  
I thread my way through lanes hedged in with  
    rose  
And peach trees wild in pinky bloom. High soar  
The birds and higher yet in joy, when glows  
The sun along the hill-side, to adore  
His light   The sacred shrines of Delwada  
With creamy-tinted domes of faery charm  
And lightness, built by Tej and Vimlasa  
When faith was stronger, swim into my view  
At Abuji, where rest in dreamless calm  
The high-souled ones whose love this worship  
    drew.





## THE JAIN SHRINES AT MOUNT ABU

O dreams of beauty dreamt in spotless white!  
O delicate designs of filigree  
So exquisite—produced by scraping light  
The mass of marble rough—wherein we see  
Our India's jewelled past. Of artless art  
Are made these halls of superb tracery,  
Wrought pillars, doorways, niches carved. My  
heart

In worship goes to those who built in glee  
Then best. Across the silence of the years  
I read their inmost thoughts, cut smooth in stone,  
Rich thoughts that charmed for aught I know  
—the wild

And wandering raiders, who razed not the aisled  
Shrine of the wise Tirthankaras, which wears  
A mellow touch bestowed by time alone.

---

TIRTHANKARAS—Incarnations of God in Jainism



## DELHI

The twilight stirs among the wilted leaves  
Of autumn's myriad whispers as I sit  
Beside the phantom-haunted graves unlit,  
A crooning wind weird spells around me weaves.  
Dreams of the proud and mighty ghost-like flit  
Chilled in the icy breath of death, and trust  
To me the secrets of the heroes in the dust—  
Long dead and now beyond recall. The writ  
Of Fate I read amidst the ruins grand  
Wide scattered all around the Kutub land.  
The Dynasties and Kings have passed away,  
With pomp and pageant dazed, into the tomb.  
Despoiled by death, touched by the hand of  
doom,  
Their starry names flashed briefer than a day.



## MAYO COLLEGE, AJMER

(To H. H. Shri Lakshmi, the daughter of D. N. Singh,  
the most illustrious Mayo-Collegian of his time)

Your beauty thrilled me from afar, when long  
Ago, in gleaming moon-lit garb arrayed  
Your grandeur to my vision you displayed,  
O Queen of Learning famed in bardic song!  
The fragrance of your soul you shed for me  
Like petals of a flower that Phalgun night.  
Dear Foster-Mother of the Kings! Your bright  
Blue hills like music rose in ecstasy.  
No dust of Time dare touch your radiant brow  
With fadeless blossoms crown'd. Traducers  
base  
Speak ill of you ! They have not seen your face  
That charmed my body, mind and soul, I vow.  
O cherished idol of the Rajput race!  
My words can never reveal your queenly grace



**MU R CENTRAL COLLEGE**  
**ALLAHA AD**

Amid the general wreck of all my dreams  
And builded hopes whence come I hither, worn  
'And pale, to my own mother-heart? forlorn  
I've wandered long by wooded hills and streams,  
Ashadow of the trackless waste, in quest  
Of Beauty's soul with eye-lids wet. Thy Tower  
Still stands unchanging with the changing hour  
And hears the music of the Ganges blest.  
The sky-aspiring domes, the peep-grave,  
The tamarind walk, the close-cropp'd awns,  
    where play  
The scholars well-befriended, keen and gay,  
The shady well, the dreamy look, what we  
In myriad hearts thy beauty calls? Adieu,  
My Mother! God thy wisdom's store renew.





## S A C R F I C E

A monstrous priest and pilgrims throng a shrine  
Towering aloft on mighty rocks which brood  
Deep-shadow'd from the giants of the wood  
In sombre solitude. Full steeped in wine  
They lead a mountain-goat for sacrifice  
When peace sleeps o'er the silent vale at night.  
A coloured candle's faint and flickering light  
Illumes the ancient place of worship. Thrice  
They chant the votive 'mantras' rapt in faith  
That knows no doubt. Their love of God  
    is shame  
To me when I behold that creature, tame  
And meek, invoking mute in pain his wrath.  
Could crimsoned altars be his dwelling place?  
O soulless pilgrims of a savage race!



## T E D E T Y O F T H E R U N E D T E M P L E

There stands a massive temple on a hill;  
The road to it is rough; the wild storms beat  
Against its walls of amethyst; the tril  
Of song-birds from its dream-dark dome doth  
greet

The lonely pilgrim! and the conches, bells  
And drums lie huddled in a corner; dank  
And putrid smell the bats. A shepherd tells  
How that the surging hordes of Tartars, rank  
On rank, hacked, slew. Then prayed the aged  
priest

For mystic help; but smiled the image, raised  
To glory, from beyond the incense clouds.  
Thenceforth trod not with zest the eager crowds  
For worship. But the Faithful Allah praised,  
And kept with shout and song the Ramzan feast.



## DAWN AND LOVE'S MEMORY

The vagrant stars, that gleamed and moved at  
night

In merry ramble, rest now 'mid a pool  
Of blue: the magic tints of morning bright  
Adorn the light-gray sky in beauty; cool  
And honeyed is the breath of wakened flowers  
Love's minored chamber sleeps in dawn; close  
furl'd

The coloured carpet lies; in morning hours  
The moon-loved wreath is snapt in twain. The  
world

Of love has vanished from the hall and mute  
Hangs my love's harp which sang of glorious  
youth

And love undying in faith absolute.

A candle burns faint like the torch of truth;  
What makes it blink and weep thick draped in  
gloom?

The fate of moths? Its own impending doom.



## SHE DRIVES HER CATTLE HOME

The sauzy dusk is falling with a sigh  
On dreaming deodar tops; the evening star  
Hangs like an opal in the sombre sky;  
Soft through the dark majestic pines for  
The glow-worms flit in golden waves; the breath  
Of air is scent. A cow-herd maid—her hair  
Long, silken, loose, her eyes as dark as death,  
Is driving with a switch of lotus fair  
Her cattle home; a crown of scarlet flowers  
And crumpled leaves bedecks her brow. She  
sing

Of the ancient sorrow of the purple hills;  
The moaning of the homeless wind for hours;  
The sea's eternal anguish sore. She fills  
My soul with gloom where deep her music rings.





## THE QUEEN OF MY HEART

She loved me once but will not love again;  
Her elfin beauty haunts my sleeping dreams  
And waking hours: beneath the pale moon's  
    beams  
She plays me false—her erstwhile god. Ah!  
    vain  
My yearning, passion, pain and tears unshed  
Against her word. The Queen of my poor  
    Heart  
Is fairer than the realm of fairy art  
Can fashion; but she strikes her lover dead.  
I watch the cold, unkind and depthless skies,  
A blaze of glory infinite—and sigh  
For love torn through the stress of soul: my cries  
Move not the mighty stars that silent lie  
The littleness of life and love I feel—  
Those splendid heavens cut me like cold steel.



## A FLAME OF GOD

The moon in silence woos the lotus white,  
The lotus woos the moon in rapture wild;  
In s ender grace the petals move at night,  
She b ossoms forth: my sweet-heart is their chi d.  
Her face is soft as twilight dusk, her han  
Is darker than night falling on the hills,  
The radi nce of her skin moon-white and fair  
With utter shame the bri htest jewel fills.  
My life is spent; amid the d rk I grope  
All battered in the str gg e with a F te  
That hurled its th nder-bolts in deadly h te  
B t like a fl me of God her b uty shines  
Thr u h r in d stor nd d rk e s; a d with  
hope  
Of he v' it war s y th t droops a d  
pines.

The idea of the first half of the sonnet is borrowed from a u ese  
song



## HER MUS C

She sits upon a way-side stone. In sweet  
Serenity she sings. From out the deep  
Her music comes beside the lake, asleep  
Beneath the mid-day sun. The fawn's faint  
bleat  
Is hushed when steal the spuits of the trees,  
Souls of the flowers chanting low their rhyme,  
And heaven's birds to hear her sing. "That  
Time  
Ne'er was—that Time is not"—thus hum the  
bees  
Tranced by her rapture wafted on the breeze.  
And all my songs I write for her to sing  
As in my soulless words she breathes the flame  
Of spring, and strength to soar upon her wing.  
Dull seems the dream of glory, riches, fame,  
Beside her strains of sadly-soothing ease.



## “ I A M T H O U ”

With swollen eyes I sought her far and near  
From dawn to dusk. How steady burnt within  
My heart her beauty's flame, and love by sin  
Unblighted! Overwhelmed with hope and fear  
I reached her leafy hut among the trees  
Past midnight, gently knock'd upon the door  
And breathed, "Tis I". She whispered, "No,"  
          though sore  
At heart. I sobbed and sobbed the dreamy  
          breath  
Along with me. A life of gloom and pain  
I lived for months; I knew she must be mine,  
For she and I at heart were one. And now  
Once more my pilgrim self touched at her shrine,  
My moon flung off her veil of pride, when faint  
She heard me say in rapture, "I am thou."





## THE QUEEN OF BEAUTY

The Queen of Beauty was the Queen of Death;  
Year after year the bravest and the best  
Among the youth, victorious in test  
Of arms, did lift her veil and feel her breath.  
The aged priests unchallenged claimed the right  
To burn the winner of the kingly crown,  
The victor of the tourney in the town,  
Soon after love's all glorious but brief night  
The portals of her palace opened wide,  
He walked in with the High Priest as his guide:  
Pondering he paused; and then in silence  
prayed:  
She beckoned from her throne to rend her veil  
And kiss her mouth, and he obeyed. "All hail  
Thou carrion death!" and thus love's debt was  
paid.



## OPINIONS AND PRESS REVIEWS.

**Sir Donald Gosse.**—"I have read your Sonnets with much admiration. Their flowing language and rich Indian imagery are expressed with an accuracy and a felicity extremely remarkable in one not born to use the English language."

**Speight, Esq., Prof. of English Literature, Sanskrit University, Hyderabad.**—"It is delightful to see that while you are following the main lines of English versification you fill your poems with Indian colour and feeling. No one could write more beautiful lines than

"His quest of truth was water on a leaf  
"Of stately lotus

Certainly nothing more fitting in expression or beautiful as a simile has been written these twenty five years."

**The Calcutta Review.**—"A Volume of Sonnets some of which attain high poetic distinction. The author possesses a power of vivid word painting truly admirable, and simple bits of descriptive touches are sometimes highly suggestive."

**The Foreword.**—"Each of the Sonnets enshrines some vivid little glimpse of Indian life or landscape."

**The Modern Review.**—"The author also has the art of describing beautiful sights in befitting language and the Kalki Avatar, the Joymandir at Udaipur, 'The Taj', and the Fateh Sagar at Udaipur all display considerable talent and genuine poetic feeling and one will look forward to further works by this author who has poetic ideas to express and has studied the technique of his art."

**The Indian Review.**—"Another aspirant to fame in Indo English Literature is Mr S S Chordia, M A, who has brought out two attractive little volumes, one of Sonnets and another of Short Stories. He shows considerable mastery over the Sonnet form and is as at home in the Poetry of Nature as he is in that of Love."

**The Leader, Allahabad.**—"Mr Chordia has the gift of vivid description always touched with a sense of lyric beauty."

**United India and Indian States.**—"Mr Chordia writes fine, majestic English. Even those who are not aware that he is a poet as well, will easily feel that he is if they read the sketches. The book shows descriptive power of a very high order, and is essentially Indian in its atmosphere."